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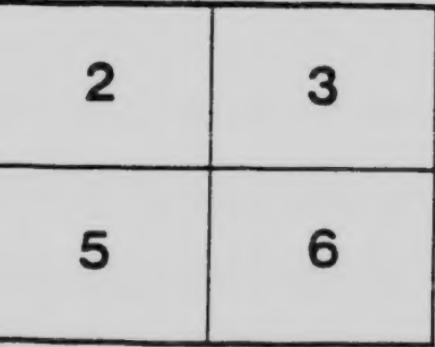
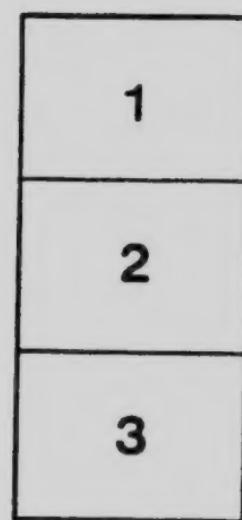
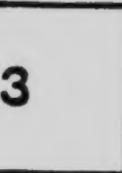
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Dominion Astrophysical Observatory

VICTORIA

Vol. I, No. 1

THE ORBITS OF THE SPECTROSCOPIC BINARIES

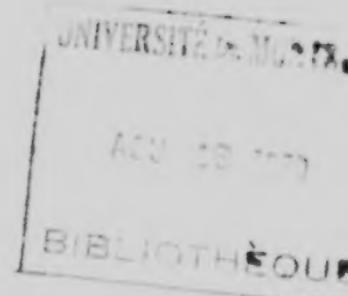
BY S. L. BOYD

This star ($\alpha = 18^{\text{h}} 07\cdot5^{\text{m}}$, $\delta = +79^{\circ} 59'$) is one of the first twelve binaries discovered at the Dominion Observatory at Victoria, B.C., the announcement of which was made by the "Royal Astronomical Society of Canada" for November 1919.

Dr. J. S. Plaskett secured five plates of the star in 1918, and from these determinations, between June 19 and July 21, it was found that the photographs revealed the binary character of the star. In 1919, 28 plates were secured. All of these, except the first five taken in 1918, were measured on the Hartmann Comparators. From the measures of the first 14 or 15 of these plates, and from the measures of 1918 the period was found to be 110 days. It was not possible to get the remaining plates well divided into pairs, so the velocities did not, however, agree well with a single velocity. The same phase showed as reasonable agreement between the plate number 2923 on the Hartmann Comparators and the plate number 2924. A closer examination of the plate revealed close double lines. A re-examination of all of the previous plates, taken by Dr. Plaskett in 1918, showed that on seven of these plates the lines were close double lines. Since the lines of the two components are just

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ASTROSCOPIC COMPONENTS OF BOSS 4602

J. L. BOOTHROYD

79° 59', photographic magnitude 6·6, type F5) is observed at the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory which appeared first in the "Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada" in November 1918.

Studies of the star, in the programme of radial velocity measurements, were made by Dr. Plaskett on July 21, 1918. His measures of these five spectrograms were secured at the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory. Between July 1, 1919, and September 1, 1920, he secured five more spectrograms of these, as well as those secured by Dr. Plaskett with the 12-inch refractor and the 12-inch Heliostatic Spectrograph. These were measured with the Heliostatic Spectrograph, using a sky or a Mars standard. The mean period of the 1919 plates together with Dr. Plaskett's was found to be very close to 10·5 days. This made it possible to secure a good distribution along the velocity curve. The results were in general agreement with any elliptic curve, although those at nearly the same velocity showed some deviation. Measures of the 1920 plates with the Heliostatic Spectrograph proved an exception to this rule and showed close companion lines to at least ten of the previous plates, including those secured by Dr. Plaskett. Measures of the 1920 plates from four to ten lines showed double lines which are just separable, for one-prism dispersion, and

besides this only those lines which are most intense show at all for the secondary component, it is easy to see why they were overlooked on the few plates on which from two to ten show at all. The table of observations lists only those plates which show double lines since these were the only plates used in the final determination of the orbits. The second column gives the initial of the person securing the spectrogram. All of the measures were made by the author except that the lines of the secondary component on plates 2484 and 2937 were also measured by Mr. Harper, the mean of his measures and the author's being used.

The writer had to leave Victoria on September 18, 1919, to resume his duties at the University of Washington and bad weather prevented securing more plates, at phases which would show the double lines, before October 15, and after that it was inadvisable to attempt to get any more plates in 1919, owing to the unfavourable position of the star for observation. However, in April 1920, Mr. Harper and Dr. Plaskett kindly secured three more plates at such phases as to show the lines double. Again in August 1920, four more plates were again secured at such phases as to show some of the lines double. Sixteen plates in all were therefore secured which show double lines and the orbit is based entirely on the measures of these sixteen plates. The remaining twenty-six plates were measured on either the Hartmann Comparator or the Gaertner measuring machine or on both, but none of these measures were used in the final computations for the orbital elements.

The lines of the secondary component are quite faint whereas those of the principal component are rather diffuse and much more numerous. The probable error of a plate for the principal component is ± 2.36 and for the secondary ± 4.65 km. per second. The mass of the secondary component is 0.903 times that of the principal component.

In the following table of observations the phases are reckoned from the final value of periastron passage using the corrected period 10.5217 days.

OBSERVATIONS OF BOSS 4602

Plate Number	Ob- server	Date	Julian Date	Phase	Component 1			Component 2		
					Vel.	Lines	O-C	Vel.	Lines	O-C
1918										
217	P	June 22	2,421,767.804	3.1559	+38.3	6	+0.4	-34.7	6	+1.4
1919										
2238	P	July 1	2,441,798	8.8904	-43.9	9	-4.4	+61.9	9	+5.2
2484	B	" 22	2,462,729	8.7780	-42.3	9	+1.7	+65.2	8	+9.9
2510	Y	" 23	2,463,769	9.8180	-41.7	6	-1.6	+58.0	4	+7.1
2595	Y	Aug. 6	2,477,716	2.7216	+47.0	4	+5.0	-40.9	5	-0.2
2714	H	" 15	2,486,730	1.2739	+42.7	2	+2.0	-39.9	2	-0.7
2798	Y	" 22	2,493,671	8.1549	-37.2	7	-1.2	+15.2	5	-1.1
2923	H	Sept. 12	2,214,641	8.0815	-39.4	10	-4.6	+39.6	9	-5.4
2937	Y	" 13	2,215,634	9.0745	-44.6	5	+1.6	+57.1	6	-0.7
1920										
4057	H	April 9	2,424,993	7.9995	-33.7	6	-0.2	+41.4	5	-2.2
4148	H	" 23	2,438,952	0.9151	+31.1	7	-1.0	-33.8	7	-4.2
4190	H	" 30	2,445,958	7.9211	-37.2	5	-4.9	+32.1	3	-10.1
4790	P	Aug. 5	2,512,749	10.0161	-31.8	7	+2.4	+51.5	7	+10.1
4802	P	" 7	2,544,679	1.4251	+40.6	6	-2.3	-43.9	4	-22.2
4814	Y	" 8	2,545,704	2.4501	+62.2	10	-1.9	-42.8	11	+0.2
4826	B	" 9	2,546,696	3.4421	+39.2	4	+4.4	-21.3	5	+11.3

From the preliminary elements, given later, observation equations were built up according to the notation of Lehman-Filhés, modified to suit the case of double spectra,* and a least squares solution effected. Since the observations extended over parts of three seasons, the period was also included in the solution. This necessitated treating all the observations separately.

By making the following transformation a set of 32 observation equations involving the seven unknowns γ , K_1 , K_2 , e , ω , P , and T were built up. The weights are given in the last column.

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= \delta\gamma \\
 y &= \delta K_1 \\
 z &= \delta K_2 \\
 t &= 50 \delta e \\
 u &= [2.81500] \delta P \\
 v &= 50 \delta \omega \\
 w &= [1.53628] \delta T
 \end{aligned}$$

*Dominion Observatory Publications, Vol. 1, page 327.

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OBSERVATION EQUATIONS FOR BOSS 4602

1	1.000x	+0.677y	0.000z	-0.915t	+0.811u	-0.410v	+0.420w	-4.600	=0	4
2	1.000	-0.996	0.000	+0.170	+0.005	+0.203	+0.075	-1.000		5
3	1.000	-0.987	0.000	+0.321	-0.006	+0.130	+0.137	-2.200		5
4	1.000	-0.796	0.000	-1.085	+0.038	+0.851	-0.794	+6.200		4
5	1.000	+0.859	0.000	-0.838	-0.041	-0.199	+0.344	-4.800		2
6	1.000	+0.920	0.000	+0.790	+0.075	+0.650	-0.461	+2.400		3
7	1.000	-0.869	0.000	+0.822	-0.067	-0.184	+0.337	-1.800		4
8	1.000	-0.848	0.000	+0.854	-0.107	-0.216	+0.352	+1.400		5
9	1.000	-1.000	0.000	-0.033	+0.005	+0.297	-0.015	-0.500		4
10	1.000	-0.798	0.000	+0.904	-0.515	-0.285	+0.381	-1.900		4
11	1.000	+0.649	0.000	+1.136	+1.535	+0.996	-1.078	+1.300		4
12	1.000	-0.773	0.000	+0.917	-0.572	-0.315	+0.391	+2.800		4
13	1.000	-0.793	0.000	-1.089	+1.556	+0.854	-0.801	-3.600		4
14	1.000	+0.909	0.000	+0.831	+0.967	+0.673	-0.495	+4.000		5
15	1.000	+0.956	0.000	-0.552	-0.448	+0.008	+0.228	+4.600		5
16	1.000	+0.708	0.000	-0.923	-0.809	-0.382	+0.412	-4.000		3
17	1.000	0.000	-0.677	+0.974	-0.862	+0.436	-0.447	+2.700		2
18	1.000	0.000	+0.996	-0.181	-0.005	-0.216	-0.080	-10.200		1
19	1.000	0.000	+0.987	-0.342	+0.006	-0.138	-0.146	-14.000		1
20	1.000	0.000	+0.796	+1.155	-0.041	-0.905	+0.845	-16.300		1
21	1.000	0.000	-0.859	+0.892	+0.043	+0.212	-0.366	-0.200		2
22	1.000	0.000	-0.920	-0.840	-0.080	-0.692	+0.490	-4.200		1
23	1.000	0.000	+0.869	-0.875	+0.071	+0.196	-0.359	+0.100		2
24	1.000	0.000	+0.848	-0.909	+0.113	+0.230	-0.375	+4.700		2
25	1.000	0.000	+1.000	+0.035	-0.005	-0.316	+0.016	-5.200		1
26	1.000	0.000	+0.798	-0.962	+0.055	+0.303	-0.405	+0.400		2
27	1.000	0.000	-0.649	-1.209	-1.633	-1.060	+1.147	+3.200		2
28	1.000	0.000	+0.773	-0.976	+0.608	+0.335	-0.416	+8.400		1
29	1.000	0.000	+0.793	+1.159	-1.656	-0.909	+0.852	-13.000		1
30	1.000	0.000	-0.909	-0.884	-1.029	-0.716	+0.527	+0.300		2
31	1.000	0.000	-0.956	+0.587	+0.476	-0.008	-0.243	-3.100		2
32	1.000	0.000	-0.708	+0.982	+0.860	+0.406	-0.438	-12.200		1

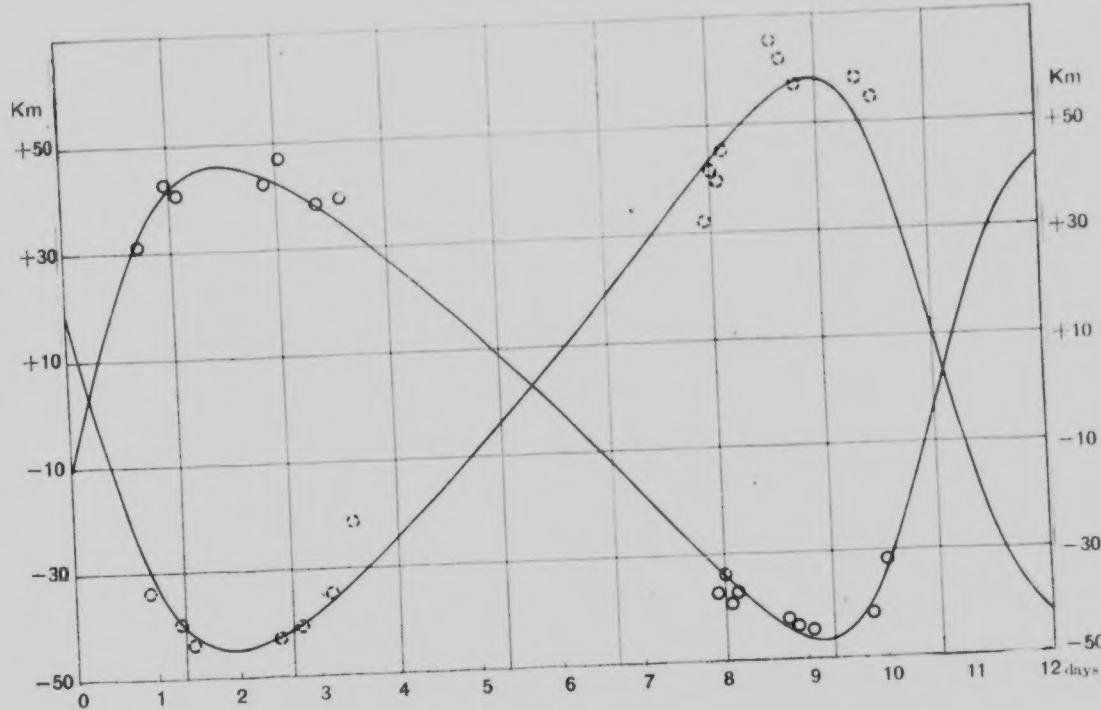
NORMAL EQUATIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 22.000x - 3.487y + 0.162z + 1.017t + 1.033u + 1.925v - 0.510w - 10.825 = 0 \\
 & +11.837 + 0.000 - 1.988 + 1.249 - 0.056 - 0.797 + 6.143 \\
 & +4.276 - 1.180 + 0.784 + 0.363 - 0.494 - 6.692 \\
 & +15.220 + 0.500 + 0.675 - 0.177 - 6.146 \\
 & +11.051 + 5.458 - 5.625 - 3.955 \\
 & +5.613 - 5.279 + 17.423 \\
 & +5.590 - 13.837
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution of these equations gave corrections to the preliminary elements, as given in the following table. One solution was deemed to be all that was warranted from the data at hand, as judged by the fair agreement of the final ephemeris residuals with those obtained by substitution in the observation equations. The sum of the squares of the residuals for the observed places was reduced from 1757 to 1082, or about 38 per cent.

TABLE OF ELEMENTS

Element		Preliminary	Final
Period.....	P	10.527 days.....	10.5217 ± 0.0018 days*
Eccentricity.....	e	0.30.....	0.314 ± 0.014
Longitude of apse.....	ω_1	270°.....	256°.76 $\pm 4^{\circ}.38$
Longitude of apse.....	ω_2	90°.....	76°.76 $\pm 4^{\circ}.38$
Velocity of system.....	γ	+1.88 km. per sec.....	+2.93 ± 0.62 km. per sec.
Semi-amplitude primary.....	K_1	47 km.....	46.16 ± 0.83 km.
Semi-amplitude secondary.....	K_2	50 km.....	51.50 ± 1.32 km.
Periastron passage.....	T	J.D. 2,421,764.592.....	J.D. 2,421,764.6481 ± 0.1112
Semi-major axis.....	$a_1 \sin i$	6,341,000 km.
Semi-major axis.....	$a_2 \sin i$	7,074,000 km.
Mass primary.....	$m_1 \sin^3 i$	0.457 \odot
Mass secondary.....	$m_2 \sin^3 i$	0.413 \odot



Radial Velocity Curves of Boss 4602 Showing Individual Observations.

The graph shown represents the velocity observations are plotted. An interesting problem is to re-determine these orbits from plates obtained.

I wish here to express my appreciation to Dr. E. C. Pickering and all the members of his staff at the Dominion Observatory for their kind hospitality during my stay at the Observatory for twelve days in the summer of 1920. Every possible facility was given me by Dr. Pickering and his assistants in the prosecution of the work on Boss 4602. I am working, the results of which work will be published in due time.

University of Washington,
Seattle, Wash.

October 1, 1920.

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velocity curves using the final elements. Individual fitting problem, reserved for the future, will be to obtain with higher dispersion.

I appreciate the kindness shown me by Dr. Plaskett of the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria for twelve weeks of the summer of 1919 and six weeks whose facilities and assistance were extended to aid me in the work on star 4602 and on other spectroscopic binaries on which my work will appear as soon as completed.

